

Regional Workshop on the Development of a Nuclear Safety
Knowledge Management Programme for the Regulatory Body
12-15 July 2022
a virtual IAEA event

National Presentation

Bangladesh

Name: Debashis DATTA

Organization: Bangladesh Atomic Energy Regulatory Authority

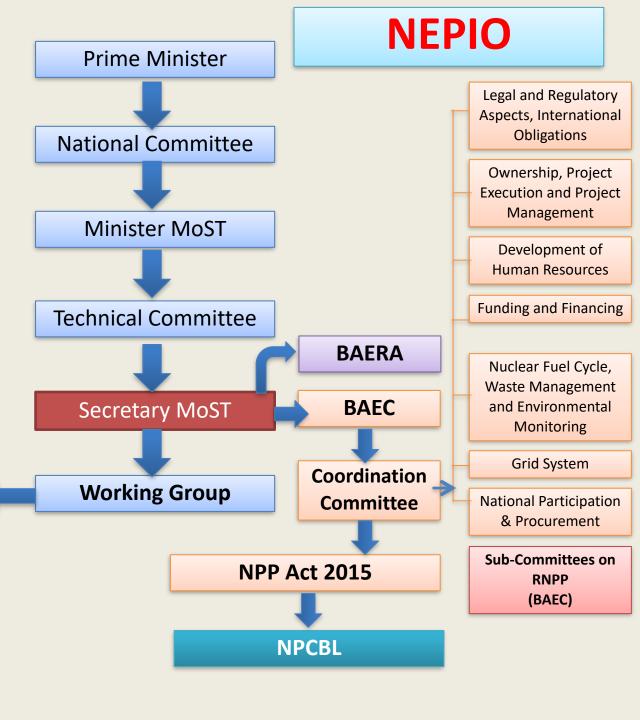
National Context



- Key national stakeholders and their responsibilities as part of the national nuclear safety infrastructure
- NEPIO-High Level Committee headed by Hon'ble Prime Minister;
 Ministry of Science and Technology is the Secretariat of the NEPIO;
- NPP Owner Organization (Licensee)-Bangladesh Atomic Energy Commission;
- NPP Project Management Organization-Project Management Unit, BAEC;
- Nuclear Regulatory Authority-Bangladesh Atomic Energy Regulatory Authority;
- Environmental Regulator-Department of Environment;
- NPP Operating Organization-Nuclear Power Plant Company Bangladesh Limited; and
- TSOs-BAEC, NSPC, BTCL, Civil Defense and Fire Service Directorate

Legal and Regulatory Aspects, International **Obligations** Ownership, Project **Execution and Project** Management **Funding and Financing Development of Human** Resources **National Participation Grid System** Nuclear Fuel Cycle, Waste Management and **Environmental Monitoring Heavy Equipment Transportation Planning** Working Sub-Groups

(Ministry)



National Context



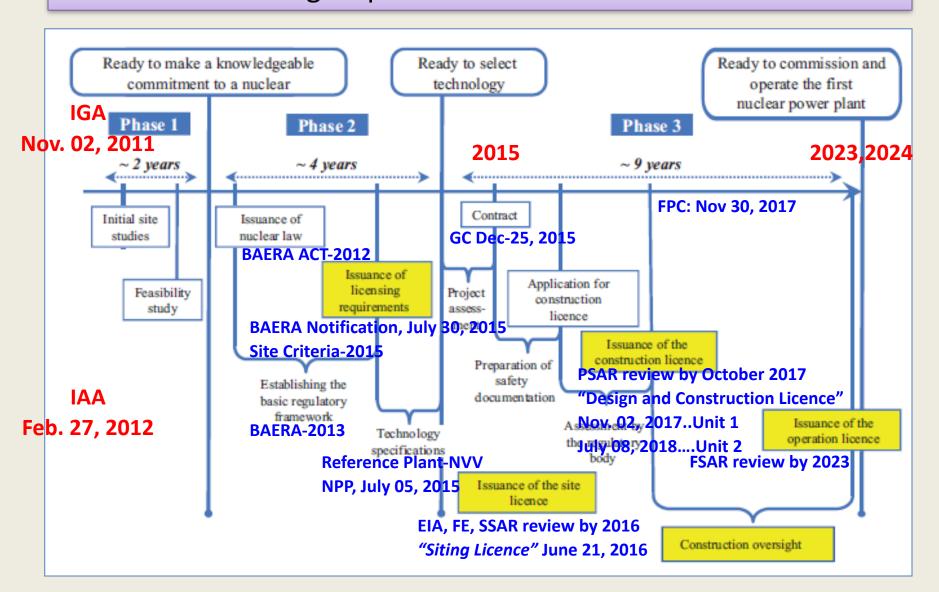
- National nuclear industry/regulatory activities where KM is of particular interest
- National Nuclear Industry
- Nuclear Power Plant Company Bangladesh Limited

- Regulatory activities
- Bangladesh Atomic Energy Regulatory Authority



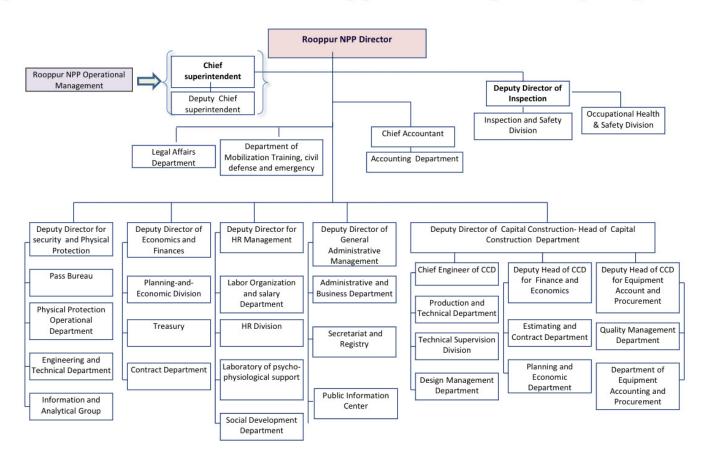
BAERA Knowledge badged regulatory decisions

BAERA NPP licensing steps are also consistent with INSAG-26:



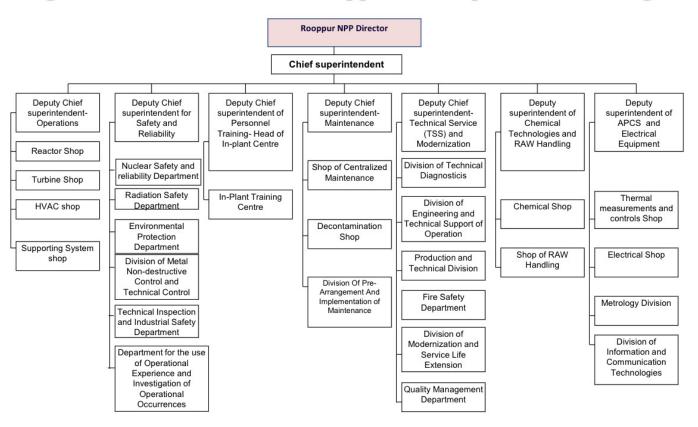


Organizational Structure of Rooppur NPP Operating Organization





Organizational Structure of Rooppur NPP Operational Management



FUNCTIONS: 1.To ensure the safe and peaceful uses of atomic energy according to the Act, and Rules & Regulations made there under. 19.To establish and maintain a State System of Accounting for and Control of nuclear material (SSAC); **ORGANOGRAM** 2.To establish and adopt necessary standards, codes and guides. 3.To issue, amend, suspend or revoke authorizations i.e., license, certificate, registration, permit, etc. 20.To conduct research programme for regulatory purposes; 21.To liaise and co-ordinate with other governmental or non-govern To use the four period in the control of regulations related to nuclear safety, another period to period to the control of the environmental protection, security, and transport of dangerous goods; 2.2. To act as a coordinator for the implementation of national nuclear and radiological emergency plan and other related activities. 2.3. To act as a coordinator for the implementation of national nuclear and radiological emergency plan and other related activities. 2.3. To approve an effective reporting procedures with respect to radiological incidents and to ensure that plans for protective action of proposed Bangladesh Atomic Energy Regulatory Authority 6.To establish a programme for carrying out inspection; emergency situation have been prepared; 7.To carry out review and assessment, inspection, and licensing: 8.To establish a guideline for enforcement actions and initiate and carryout enforcement actions against non-compila 9.To define exclusion related affine 24.To ensure that appropriate measures for physical protection of nuclear installations, and nuclear & radioactive material are taken, 25.To establish regulatory measures for the security of nuclear and radioactive material and their associated facilities, including mean the detection, prevention and response to unauthoristed or malicious active involving such material, or facilities; Ministry of Science and Technology 10.To define and grant exemptions of nuclear and radiation facilities from regulatory control 11.To define obligations, including financial ones, of persons or entities authorized. 26.To ensure that corrective actions are undertaken when unsafe or potentially unsafe conditions are detected concinstallations, radiation generator, nuclear material, nuclear substance or radioactive material; 2.7. To carry out activities associated with civil liability for nuclear damage; 28. To liaise with regulatory bodies of other countries and with international organizations to promote co-operation and exchange of regulatory 12.To establish limits of radioactivity into soil, water and air and in any matter usable as food or during or otherwise by human being and consultations with interested parties about the possible risks associated with facilities and activities; 29.To establish the criteria for the recruitment and the service for it's employees 14.To participate in the definition of the design basis threat for the implementation of security provisions; 15.To establish and maintain a national register for radiations sources; 16.To establish and maintain a national register for persons authorized to carryout activities or practices under the Act; 30.To establish and maintain human resource development and training program for it's employees; 31.To exchange regulatory information and extend cooperation with other regulatory authority, relevant agencies and organizations, 32.To publish releted information and communicate with relevant agencies, the public and medical information and communicate with relevant agencies, the public and medical information and communicate with relevant agencies. 17.To act as an organizer and coordinator for the implementation of the obligations arises from safe guard agreement; 18.Actions for implementations of international treaty, agreement, protocol and convention concerning nuclear safety and radiological 33.To create awareness to the public about nuclear safety and radiation protection. 34.To establish a schedule of fees and charges; Chairman 35. To formulate or adopt necessary policies and issues and implement orders or instructions in areas of its responsibility; 36. To perform any other duties prescribed or assigned to the Authority by the Government from time to time as deems necessary to meet its emergency plan including safeguards and physical protection of nuclear and radioactive material, illicit trafficking to which Bangladesh is 27+164 =191 Personnel-5 1xChairman = 1 1xAdministrative Officer = 1 1xOffice Assistant cum Computer Operator= 1 1xDriver =1 1xGeneral Attendant = 1 Financial Adviser Member Secretary Member Member Member (Planning & Development) (Nuclear Safety) (Radiation Safety) (Technical) Personnel-4 Personnel-3 Personnel-4 Personnel-4 Personnel-3 Personnel-4 1xMember = 1 1xFinancial Adviser = 1 1xMember = 1 1xMember = 1 1xSecretary = 1 1xMember = 1 1x 1xOffice Assistant cum Computer 1xOffice Assistant cum Computer Operator 1x Office Assistant cum 1xOffice Assistant cum 1xOffice Assistant cum 1x 1xOffice Assistant cum Operator = 1 Computer Operator = 1 Computer Operator = 1 Computer Operator = 1 Computer Operator = 1 1x General Attendant = = 1 1xDriver =1 1xDriver =1 1xDriver =1 1x General Attendant = 1 1xDriver =1 1x 1xGeneral Attendant (GA) = 1 1x General Attendant = 1 1x General Attendant = 1 1x General Attendant = 1 **Human Resources Development Division Technical Services Division** Nuclear Safety, Security and Safeguard Division Radiological Facility Authorization & Inspection Division Administration Division **Finance Division** Personnel-17 Personnel-15 1xChief Principal Scientific Officer 1 Personnel-57 1xChief Principal Scientific Officer = 1 2x Principal Scientific Officer = 2 Personnel-38 Personnel-29 1xChief Scientific Officer = 1 2x Principal Scientific Officer = 2 1xPrincipal Engineer = 1 1xChief Scientific Officer = 1 1xPrincipal Administrative Officer =1 Personnel-8 2xPrincipal Engineer= 2 2xSenior Scientific Officer= 2 1xChief Engineer = 1 1xChief Engineer=1 3x Principal Scientific Officer = 3 1xPrincipal Account Officer =1 1xSenior Administrative Officer = 1 2xSenior Scientific Officer = 2 3xPrincipal Scientific Officer = 3 2xSenior Engineer= 2 1xSenior Accounts Officer = 1 1x Administrative Officer = 1 2xPrincipal Engineer = 2 2xPrincipal Engineer = 2 4xSenior Scientific Officer = 4 2xSenior Engineer = 2 2x Scientific Officer = 2 1xSuperintendent = 1 1xAccounts Officer= 1 8xSenior Scientific Officer = 8 2x Scientific Officer = 2 3xEngineer = 3 3xSenior Engineer = 3 2xAccountant = 2 3xComputer Operator =3 5xSenior Engineer = 5 3xEngineer = 3 1xComputer Operator = 1 7x Scientific Officer = 7 2xAccount Assistant =2 1XSenior Technician = 1 12x Scientific Officer = 12 1xLegal Officer = 1 1xGeneral Attendant = 1 5x Engineer = 5 1xGeneral Attendant = 1 1xTechnician-1 = 1 7xEngineer = 7 1xExperimental Officer = 1 1xComputer Operator = 1 2xTTechnician-2 = 2 1xSenior Experimental Officer =1 1xSuperintendent = 1 1xGeneral Attendant = 1 1xSenior Scientific Assistant= 1 4xDriver =4 1x Experimental Officer =1 3x Computer Operator = 3 2xTTechnician Helper = 2 1xTechnical Officer=1 1x Scientific Assistant -1 = 1 5xSecurity Attendant = 5 1xSub-Assistant Engineer = 1 1x Scientific Assistant -2 = 1 1xSuperintendent =1 2xGeneral Attendant =2 C. MAJOR SCIENTIFIC EQUIPMENTS 1x Lab Attendant = 1 A TRANSPORT **B. MAJOR OFFICE EQUIPMENTS** 1XGardenar Attendant= 1 1xSenior Scientific Assistant= 1 1 5x Jeep for the Chairman & Members = 1x Office Assistant cum Computer 4xSanatary Attendant= 4 Operator = 1 1x Scientific Assistant -1 = 1 5Jeeps Name of Equipments No. Name of Equipments 1x Scientific Assistant -2 = 1 2 13x car for the 11 Directors+Secretary+FA 2xGeneral Attendant = 2 X-Ray & Gamma Survey meter 1x Lab Attendant = 1 3xComputer Operator = 3 3 6xJeep for Regulatory Inspection = 6 130ha & Rota Survey meter 1x Office Assistant cum Computer Operator = Jeeps 185 Walitron Monitor 4 6x Microbus (10 Seats) for 54 CSO's, 2xDriver = 2 PSO's and equivalents transport = 6 3xGeneral Attendant = 3 Microbus 4 Antamination Monitor 5 15x Microbus (10 Seats) for 149 SSO's, Pflergency Kit SO's and equivalents transport = 15 Miocrobus Parket Dosimeter 45Go Gamma Detector Hand & Foot Monitor Quality Control Kit for Different 14 Digital Camera



- Description of the national level nuclear safety KM programme
 - stakeholders

BAERA's stakeholders are:

- Citizens of the Republic of Bangladesh;
- National Assembly of the Republic of Bangladesh.
- Ministry of Science and Technology (MOST);
- Other ministries, regulators, public and other organizations (professional, commercial, research, educational...) with which BAERA cooperates;
- Clients in administrative procedures for obtaining authorizations for activities in the field of atomic energy use;
 - External suppliers and contractors;
 - Mass media;
 - International organizations with which BAERA cooperates;
 - Foreign national organizations with which BAERA cooperates;
 - BAERA staff.



- Description of the national level nuclear safety KM programme
 - programme description

A differentiated approach to knowledge management is carried out at different stages and in different forms of BAERA activities through the assessment of the significance of knowledge:

- for BAERA personnel, it is carried out by assigning certain periods of data and information storage;
- for interested parties, determined when displaying information on the BAERA website;
- by selecting reputable organizations for staff training and knowledge sharing.



- Description of the national level nuclear safety KM programme
 - successes and challenges



Manpower for Operating Organization for Rooppur NPP

Total manpower for Rooppur NPP Station

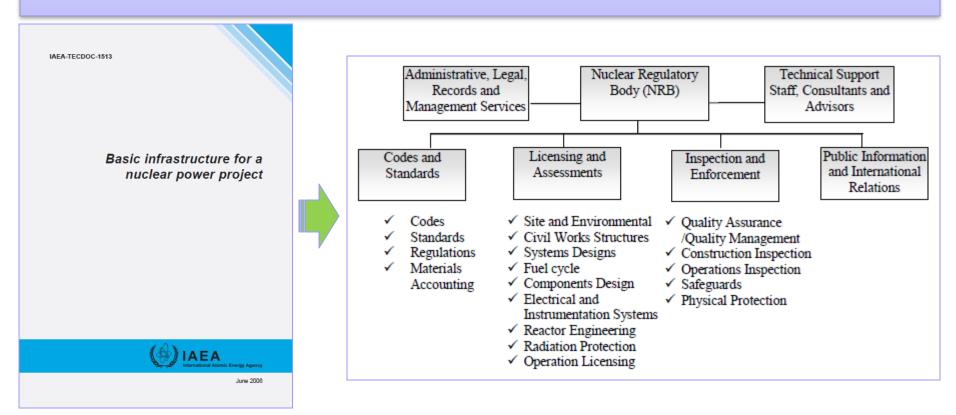
Manpower	Total No.	Training Requirement (Reserve)*	Training in Russian Federation
Rooppur NPP Station	307	35 (+8)	
General Management			851
Rooppur NPP Power	1620	1084 (+297)	
Units Operation and			
Maintenance			
Total	1927	1119 (+305)	851

^{*305} personnel are identified as reserve for case of illness, run away, etc.



BAERA: HRD Planning: S = Q(E + T) + A

- At present BAERA has total 81 staffs. BAERA has recently proposed a new Organizational Structure as per IAEA INIR mission recommendation.
- The basic philosophy of this proposed Organizational Structure is consistent with IAEA-TECDOC-1513.
- BAERA has identified total 360 personnel for the Regulatory Control of RNPP (2xunit) to perform different regulatory work functions.





Nuclear Grade Human Resource Development Project for Bangladesh Atomic Energy Regulatory Authority (BAERA) for 1000 MWe NPP

Ref. IAEA TRS 200; KINS Regulatory Manpower; STUK Regulatory Manpower

Majors		%
Nuclear Engg.	15	33
Mechanical Engg.	9	20
Electrical & Electronic Engg.	3	7
Chemical Engg.	3	7
Chemistry	1	2
Material Engg.	3	7
Civil Engg.	2	4
Physics	2	4
Geology	1	2
Computer Science	1	2
Environmental Science	1	2
Economics	1	2
Mathematics	1	2
Industrial and Production Engg.	1	2
Business Adminstration	1	2
Law	1	2
Total	46	



Present workforce of BAERA and Organizational Structure

- Scientific and Engineering Staff: 22 (senior)+20+26=68
- Supporting Staff: 40+20=60
- TSOs: National Institutes and Universities
- Vendor Country Regulatory Body: Rostechnadzor and its TSOs – JSC "VO "Safety" and SEC NRS
- Indian Regulatory Body: AERB
- IAEA TC project for capacity building for regulatory oversight, licensing, HRD for core personnel, etc.



Proposed Time Bound HRD Action Plan for BAERA [50 personnel for oversighting of single unit 1000 MWe NPP]

	1		1		T-				
SI No.	Field of Training	No. of trainee	Proposed time of training	Proposed duration of training	Comments				
	Site License + Construction Permit + Operation License (40 personnel)								
Review of Environmental Impact Study (1~3 Years) (15 personnel)									
	Project Management and Support	3	2014-2016	At least 6 months	Project Management (2), Legal (1)				
	(i) Project management; and								
	(ii) legal review								
	Siting	12	2014-2016	At least 6 months	Electrical Engineer (1), Mechanical Engineer (1),				
	(i) project management;				Civil/Structural Engineer (1), Nuclear Enginer (1),				
	(ii) Inspection team leadership;				RP/EP (1), Security (1), Seismic/Geo (1), Met/Hydro				
	(iii) Inspection;				(1), Nuclear thermal hydraulics (1), Dose (1), PSA				
	(iv) hazard assessment; (v) risk analysis;				(1), QA (1)				
	(vi) emergency planning; and								
	(vii) legal review.								
	I(vii) Regai review.	SSAR revie	ew and Issuance of Site License	(1~2 years) (10 nersonnel)					
	(i) Project management;	10	2015-2016	At least 6 months	Legal (1), Nuclear Physics (2), Nuclear Thermal				
	(ii) hazard assessment;	10	2013-2010	At least 6 months	Hydraulics (1), PSA (1), Sev Acc (1), Nuclear				
	(iii) risk analysis;				Systems (2), Mechanical Engineer (1), Nuclear I&C				
	(iv) emergency planning;				(1)				
	(v) system configuration analysis; and								
	(vi) legal review.								
			nd Issuance of Construction Pe						
	(i) Project management;	10	2016-2017	At least 6 months	Dose (1), Mechanical (1), Civil/Structural (1),				
	(ii) inspection team leadership;				Mat'l/Chem (1), Nuclear I&C (1), Nuclear Ops (1),				
	(iii) inspection;				Fire Protection (2), Human Factor (1), Security (1)				
	(iv) hazard assessment;								
	(v) risk analysis;								
	(vi) emergency planning; (vii) system configuration analysis;								
	(vii) system configuration analysis; (viii) quality assurance; and								
	(ix) legal review.								
	(ix) Regal review.								
	Detailed Inspecti	on during Constructi	on Phase, FSAR review and Iss	uance of Operation License (4~6 yea	rs) (5 personnel)				
	(i) Project management;	5	2017-2023	At least 6 months	QA (1), Electrical (1), Civil/Struct (1), Mat'l/Chem				
	(ii) Inspection team leadership;				(1), Human factor (1)				
	(iii) Inspection;								
	(iv) hazard assessment;								
	(v) risk analysis;								
	(vi) emergency planning;								
	(vii) system configuration analysis;								
	(viii) quality assurance;								
	(ix) events assessment;								
	(x) emergency response; and (xi) legal review.								
	(xi) legal review.								
			Academic programme (10	personnel)					
	M.Sc. + Ph.D. in Nuclear Engineering	10	2016-2026	Max 6 years	To be specialized in the above mentioned areas.				

Ref: (i) G-OIST, 2009. "Staffing, Training and Technical Support for Startup of a Nuclear Safety Regulatory Program", AdSTM, USNRC. (ii) TRS 200, 1980. "Manpower Development for Nuclear Power, A Guidebook", IAEA.

Rev. No. 05, Date: 7/28/2014 Dr. Debashis Datta

BAERA HRD and KM IAEA TC Projects for BAERA

200 million US\$ "Nuclear Regulatory Infrastructure Development for BAERA"...ADP..... 10 years project...

BAERA KM Process objectives

Ensure that knowledge relevant to the activities of the regulator is acquired, stored, maintained and disseminated (i.e. generally managed as a very valuable resource for the regulator).

BAERA KM Process goals

Purpose of the knowledge management process:

- 1) Achievement of the best results in the regulation of nuclear and radiation safety;
- 2) Transfer of nuclear knowledge from one generation to the next and attraction, support and further development of highly specialized and highly qualified personnel in order to maintain competence in BAERA's areas of activity;
- 3) Compliance with the quality of BAERA regulation, innovations in industries related to ensuring nuclear and radiation safety;
- 4) Ensuring the responsible use of knowledge by correctly identifying "sensitive" knowledge and adequately protecting it from unauthorized use.

IAEA Mission Related to Nuclear Power Program

- INIR Mission: 2011
- INIR Follow-Up Mission: 2016
- OLA Mission: 2017
- IPPAS Mission: 2009
- Site Safety Review Mission: 2011, 2014
- INSSP Mission: 2013-2016
- ISSAS Mission: Q1, 2022
- IRRS Mission: Nov. 27 to Dec 09, 2022
- **IPPAS Mission**: Q1, 2023
- **EPREV Mission**: Q3, 2023.



- Ways of fostering a KM culture
 - at the national level
 - Through the use of time bound Annual Performance Analysis (APA) tool.
 - Specific number of local and foreign training program must be conducted within specific time frame.
 - at the corporate level
 - Through Govt. approved annual development projects (ADP).
 - ADP facilitates financial supports to conduct continuous theoretical and field training on a routine basis with the help of internal and external experts.

Nuclear Safety Knowledge Networks



- In which nuclear safety knowledge networks is your country participating? Vendor Country, IAEA, AERB
 - What is the purpose of the network?
 - To continue supply of adequate nuclear grade Human Resources.
 - Who are the stakeholders?
 - Operator, Regulator, Policy Maker
 - What are the KM benefits of this particular network?
 - To acquire and sustain knowledge of similar reactor technology.
 - What/who is missing from the information exchange?....N/A

Nuclear Safety Knowledge Networks



- Information about country involvement in international activities and working groups
 - What KM ideas, tools, processes have you learned and incorporated into your own organization from participation in international activities
 - Development of reactor design specific KM policy, process and procedure using Vendor country's experience.
 - What would you like to see in the future as a participant of a KM working group?
 - To fill up the gap and upgrade our KM in an IAEA standard.

Conclusions



Key References



- BAERA-ROSTECHNADZOR Inter Agency Agreement.
- BAERA-AERB bilateral contract.
- BAERA-JSC "VO "Safety" General Framework Contract.
- BAEC-ASE General Contract.
- IAEA TC Project.
- National NURID project of BAERA.
- BAERA KM Policy, Process and Procedure.



Thank you!

